

Annual Report

2004-05

Vision

Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation's vision is of safe and affordable housing for all residents of the province.

Mission

To improve the housing circumstances of low-income citizens through programs and services that assist renters and homeowners.

Mandate

Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation's (NLHC) mandate is to develop and administer housing assistance programs for the benefit of low-income households. In fulfilling this mandate, NLHC works in close co-ordination with various provincial government departments and numerous community-based organizations.

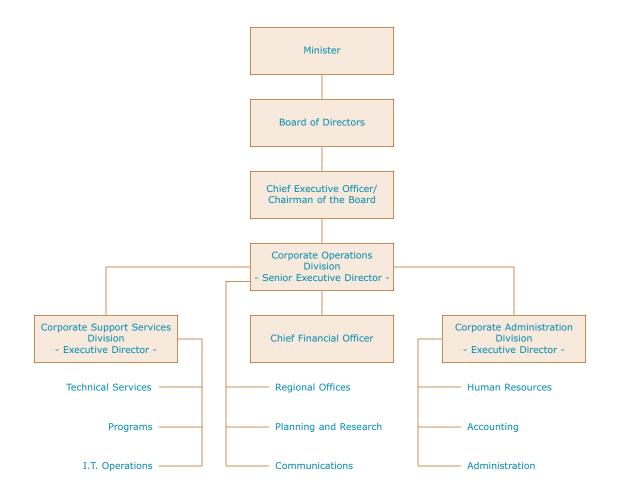
Table of Contents

Organization 1
Letter to the Minister
Chairman's Message
Corporate Profile
Regional Map5
Core Business Lines
Performance Against Objectives
Honouring Employees
Corporate Scholarships
Ongoing Challenges & Opportunities
Auditor's Report
Financial Statment
Corporate Directory
Head Office and Regional Operations (addresses)

The Organization

Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation (NLHC) is a provincial crown corporation which operates under the authority of the Housing Corporation Act. It has responsibility for the implementation of government's overall public housing policy and programs. The corporation is governed by a board of directors appointed at pleasure by the Lieutenant Governor in Council and reports to the Government of Newfoundland and Labrador through the Minister of Human Resources, Labour and Employment, Responsible for Housing. The Chairman of the board serves in a dual capacity as Chief Executive Officer and is responsible for NLHC's day-to-day operations.

The corporation's head office is located in St. John's, and its policies and programs are administered through seven regional offices located in St. John's, Marystown, Gander, Grand Falls-Windsor, Corner Brook, Stephenville and Happy Valley-Goose Bay. It has a staff complement of 304 permanent and temporary positions and employs an additional 64–75 employees on a seasonal basis. Approximately 60 per cent of the staff complement are located in St. John's where 60 per cent of the corporation's housing portfolio is also located. This regional administrative structure ensures all residents of the province have access to the programs and services provided through NLHC by the Government of Newfoundland and Labrador.



Letter to the Minister

Dear Mr. Skinner:

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I have the honour of presenting to you the Annual Report of the Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation, including the audited statement of accounts, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Sincerely,

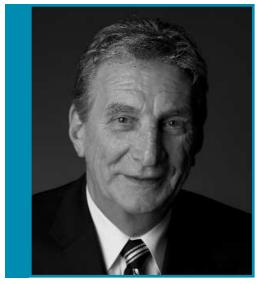
LEN SIMMS

Chair and Chief Executive Officer



Honourable Shawn Skinner Minister

Message from the Chairman



Adequacy of housing has long been identified as a determinant of health and general well-being. As a corporation, our mandate is "... to develop and administer housing programs for the benefit of low-income households" — sounds simple enough, yet it's so much more. Newfoundland and Labrador Housing strives to ensure that its mandate becomes a reality.

We strive to be open and understanding of the needs and opinions of our clients, our partners and the public we serve.

British novelist, Evelyn Waugh, once wrote "Change is the only evidence of life." At Housing, we choose to face changes and challenges and turn them into opportunities for self-reflection and continued improvement of ourselves and our operations.

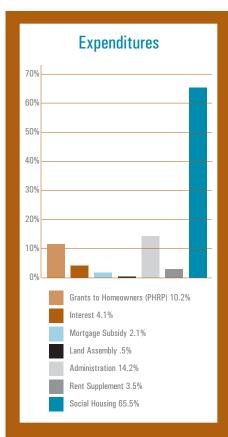
We are proud that our efforts help to support and energize communities and can contribute to the physical, mental and social well-being of people most vulnerable in our province. With the continued commitment of our staff, government and community housing partners, we look forward with enthusiasm to the year ahead.

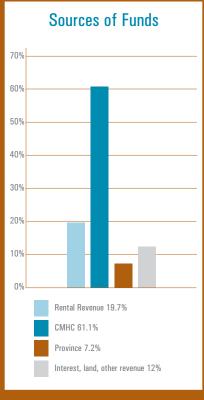
Len Simms Chair and

Chief Executive Officer

Corporate Profile

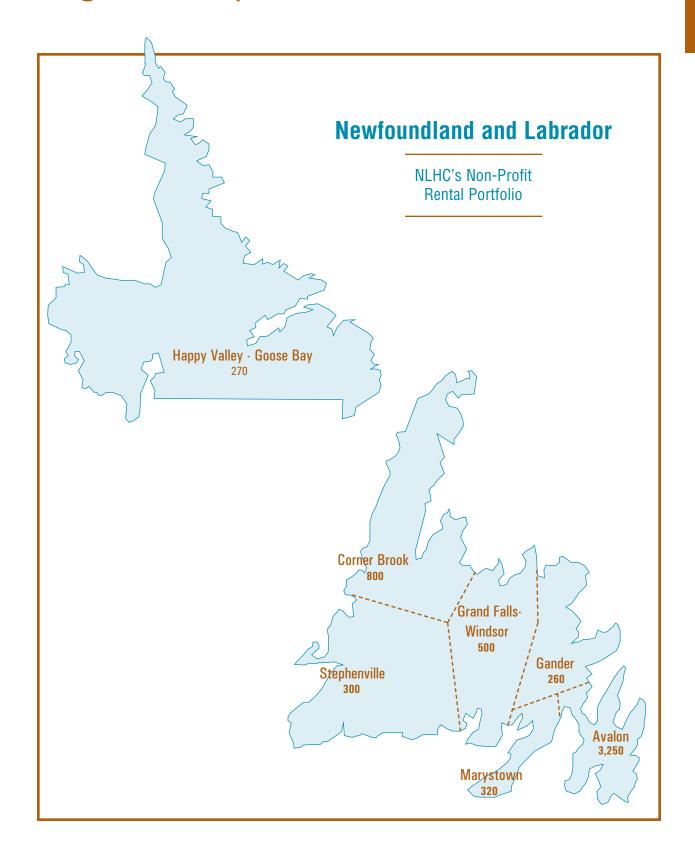
Total subsidized households served in 2004-0	12,400	
Subsidized NLHC rental housing units Subsidized Community housing units Subsidized Rent Supplement units Subsidized Mortgage units	5,700 4,900 1,000 800	
Private Non-Profit partnerships formed since	1986	100
Federal/provincial funding provided to community-based housing groups in 2004-05	5	\$10.3 million
Funding to be provided to community-based housing groups over the next five years under the federal/provincial social housing devolutionagreement		\$51.5 million
Grants and loans were provided to homeown under the Provincial Home Repair Program (I to effect critical repairs in 2004-05	\$10.1 million	
Mortgage loans on repayment		800
These loans are valued at		\$16.4 million
Home repair loans on repayment		4,724
These loans are valued at		\$20 million
Maintenance, repair and renovation expendit on NLHC rental units in 2004-05	\$12.4 million	
NLHC-funded tenant associations as of 2004	-05	33
Community Centres operating province-wide serving approximately 1,400 families and 5,6 individuals		7





Total Expenditures
Capital & Current Account
\$99,391,000

Regional Map



Core Business Lines

NLHC and its federal partner, Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC), continue to cost-sharing housing assistance programs and services which address the needs of low-income seniors, non-elderly singles, families, Aboriginal people and disabled individuals throughout Newfoundland and Labrador.

SOCIAL HOUSING

The objective of the Social Housing business line is to provide subsidized rental accommodation for those whose housing need is greatest. In pursuing this business line, NLHC operates 5,700 units of public rental housing. Most of this housing stock was constructed from the 1950s to the early 1980s. In the current fiscal environment, our major challenge is the cost of maintaining, modernizing, and adapting these aging housing resources to meet today's needs.

Non-profit Rental Housing:

NLHC owns and administers approximately 5,700 social housing units throughout various regions of the province, with the greatest concentration of units located in St. John's (3,300) and Corner Brook (805). Low-income earners are the beneficiaries of the program with rental rates based on 25-30 per cent of monthly income. Approximately 27 per cent of units are occupied by pensioners. There are an estimated 14,000 individuals housed in NLHC units under this program.

During 2004-05, NLHC and CMHC provided \$28 million to subsidize this program. Approximately \$46 million is spent in operating costs, and \$18 million is received in rental revenue.

Each year, NLHC invests in the extended life of its current housing stock through its Maintenance and Modernization and Improvements plans. Approximately \$7.6 million was spent on annual maintenance for the corporation's social housing portfolio in 2004-05. Another \$4.6 million was spent on modernization and improvement work such as roofing, windows, siding and electrical upgrading.

Rent Supplement Housing:

NLHC provides a rent supplement program to help low-income households obtain suitable private-sector rental housing in cases where NLHC cannot meet this need through its social housing portfolio. Under a rent-geared-to-income formula, NLHC assists low-income households bridge the gap between the private market rate and their capacity to pay. Approximately 1,000 such rental agreements, housing 1,500 individuals, are funded by NLHC, primarily in St. John's and Corner Brook. In 2004-05, \$3.5 million was used to ensure rental accommodations in the private market remained affordable. In recent years, low vacancy rates and escalating rents have challenged NLHC's efforts to maintain access to this housing option and have also resulted in increased demand for public housing units.

NLHC Community Centres:

The corporation provides annual operational support for seven community centres and 33 tenant associations province-wide. In 2004-05, NLHC provided approximately \$676,000 in operational support funding for these centres and tenant associations. This funding is allocated as part of NLHC's Non-Profit Rental Housing operating costs.

HOUSING SUPPLY ASSISTANCE

The objective of the Housing Supply assistance business line is to improve and expand the supply of residential units for households with low incomes. This business line delivers two kinds of housing supply assistance — forgivable loans which enable property owners to make critical repairs or modifications to residential dwellings and forgivable loans to public, private and non-profit organizations to stimulate the development of new affordable rental housing stock. The Housing Supply Assistance business line contributes to meeting the basic housing needs of our communities, by helping to ensure the supply of quality, affordable modest housing.

■ Provincial Home Repair Program (PHRP):

This is a 50/50 federal/provincial cost-shared initiative which is administered by NLHC. Low-income households are assisted with modest assistance levels to improve their dwellings. This program primarily benefits seniors living in rural areas of the province. The average homeowner recipient is 61 years old, has an annual income of \$13,000 and occupies a 41-year old house. During 2004-05, NLHC provided \$10.1 million in assistance to over 2,000 households province-wide. Of this funding, \$7.7 was provided in the form of forgivable grants, and \$2.4 million was made available through repayable loans.

Affordable Housing Program:

In May 2003, the Canada-Newfoundland and Labrador Affordable Housing Agreement was signed. The five-year \$30 million agreement is cost-shared 50/50 with the federal government and administered through NLHC and Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation. The principal objective of this program is to stimulate the development of affordable rental housing in the public, private and non-profit sectors for low-to-moderate income households. Under Phase 1 of this program, the province's priorities are rental housing for seniors and supportive housing for persons living with mental, developmental or physical health needs, who require supports to live independently in the community. Phase 2 is currently being negotiated.

Mortgage Program:

During 2004-05, NLHC provided a subsidy of \$2.1 million to offset the repayment of approximately 800 mortgage loans that remain within the federal/provincial mortgage program. Delivery of this program ended in 1991.

COMMUNITY-BASED HOUSING

This business line provides support to social housing initiatives largely in partnership with approximately 100 non-profit, co-operative and health sector housing providers. Most of the approximately 4,900 social housing units under this program are operated directly by individual groups with NLHC holding the mortgage on these properties and providing some level of operating assistance.

Community-Based Housing Program:

The corporation provided \$10.3 million during 2004-05 in support of its community-based housing units. Approximately 80 percent of the portfolio is occupied by seniors with an average age of 76 years and an average annual income of \$12,000

REAL PROPERTY STEWARDSHIP

The objective of the Real Property Stewardship business line is to develop and/or divest of corporate land holdings and to manage other related property interests which are not integral to NLHC's role as a social housing agency. This business line reflects a revised role for NLHC following the 1998 directive to phase out the corporation's involvement in land banking and development. Some of the remaining real property assets covered by this business line are the Southlands residential land development, NLHC interest in sales revenues on lands divested to municipalities, and a small portfolio of leased commercial and industrial rental units. In pursuing this business line, NLHC takes a financially prudent and market-sensitive approach to development, divestiture and management decisions. Recovery of public investment, analysis of public costs and benefits of various options, and impacts on municipalities, developers, small builders/contractors, tenants and other relevant stakeholders are all considered.

Southlands:

In 2002-03, NLHC invited proposals from the private sector for the sale and development of Phase II in Southlands. The successful proponent is continuing to pursue development of Phase II.

Performance Against Objectives

GOAL 1: SOCIAL HOUSING FOR THOSE MOST IN NEED

Strategies	Performance Indicators/Measures	Targets 2004/2005	Report of N 2003/04	1easures 2004/05
1.1 Effective, needs- based placement of tenants in public	Number of public housing units operated	5640 households housed	908	724
housing	Average time taken to house an applicant after a unit becomes vacant	Average 30 days or less vacancy turnaround	41.08 days	35.78 days
1.2 Delivery of rent supplement assistance to households renting in the private sector	Number of households receiving rent supplement assistance	1015 households housed	138 new tenants	136 new tenants
1.3 Maintain and regenerate public housing stock	Average cost to refurbish a vacated public housing unit	Average \$1000 or less vacancy refurbishment cost	\$1,873	\$1,860
Housing Stock	Number of additional acces- sible units achieved through modifications/renovations	10% increase in the number of accessible units	55 units	41 units
	Number of unit condition reports completed and/or updated	100% of unit condition reports completed	51%	62%
	Percent of maintenance budget allocated to preven- tative maintenance	5% of maintenance funding directed to preventative maintenance of stock	N/A	9.6%
	Number of oil tanks replaced, upgraded or removed	310 oil tanks replaced, upgraded or removed	122	323
	Number of public housing units with new/upgraded heating systems	\$450,000 invested to regenerate heating systems in 100 units*	N/A	130

GOAL 2: HOUSING SUPPLY FOR MODERATE AND LOW -INCOME HOUSEHOLDS

Strategies	Performance Indicators/Measures	Targets 2004/2005	Report of N 2003/04	1easures 2004/05
2.1 Delivery of Affordable Housing Programs	Number of affordable housing units approved	90 affordable housing units approved	N/A	12
1.2 Delivery of Provincial Home Repair Program	Number of households approved for PHRP assistance	2000 households approved for home repair assistance	2,494	2,395

GOAL 3: SUBSTANTIAL COMMUNITY-BASED HOUSING

Strategies	Performance Indicators/Measures	Targets 2004/2005	Report of N 2003/04	1easures 2004/05
3.1 Provide operating and/or financial supports to community-based housing providers.	Success in supporting the sustained operation of community-based housing	Continued support of 4,900 community-based housing units	N/A	12

GOAL 4: FISCAL SUSTAINABILITY

Strategies	Performance Indicators/Measures	Targets 2004/2005	Report of N 2003/04	1easures 2004/05
4.1 Enhance financial management and resource utilization	Extent to which NLHC operations are within budget	100% compliance with NLHC budget 2004/05	Yes	Yes
resource dimzation	Clear definition of heating policy with emphasis on equity of application, economy and integration with subsidized housing and income support benefits	Undertake a review of the social housing heating policy/program*	N/A	Review completed
	Per cent reduction in the value of arrears in assisted housing accounts	10% reduction in arrears in assisted housing accounts	N/A	11.69%
	Improved capacity to effectively and efficiently deliver and administer housing programs and services	Implement time reporting for regional operations staff	N/A	Implemented in reginal offices

GOAL 5: AN ADAPTIVE AND EFFECTIVE ORGANIZATION

Strategies	Performance Indicators/Measures	Targets 2004/2005	Report of N 2003/04	leasures 2004/05
5.1 Pursue continuous improvement through excellence in management practices.	Per cent reduction in short- term sick leave utilization	10% reduction in short-term sick leave utilization	14.8 days	12.2 days = 17.6% reduction

Honouring Employees

In June 2004, NLHC awarded the following employees with long-service awards for the 2003 calendar year.

5 Years' Service:

Edward Barrington Ronald Bursey Wayne Conway Wallace Crocker Joseph Janes Kenneth Lush Gary Murphy David Pitcher

10 Years' Service:

David Joy Denis King Jerome Barron Gerry Caines Dean Coates Wayne Parsons Doug Bennett Gregory Broderick Jerome Collins Heather Harding John White Roy Reid.

15 Years' Service:

Bill Conway David Whelan Cheryl Morgan Derrick Walsh Marilyn Staple Wanda Howell Maureen Brewer Norena Hart Della Whittle Mary Marshall William Hookey Brian Mercer Joe Sampson David Langdon Theresa Aylward Janet Tucker Jessie Cluett Denise McCarthy

20 Years' Service: Lorna Kavanagh Kate Lynch

Ross Seaward
Paul Sweetapple
Albert Power
Ted Blanchard
William Costello
Dilbert Cabot
Edgar Power
Ed Feener
Raymond Belliveau
Wesley Simms
Clayton Goods
Beverly Bursey
Barbara Clarke
Sandra White

25 Years' Service:

Brenda Crawley
Don Murrin
Juanita Ivany
Reg Reddy
Janice Walsh
Frank Pope
Sid Rockwood
Maureen O'Reilly
Arthur Batstone
Gloria Grenning
Lloyd Jenniex

Barry Chard Nelson Flynn Ches Boyd Don Penney Raymond Power Max Vere-Holloway Barbara Brown Barry Tucker.

30 Years' Service: John Halliday

2003 Retirees:

Bill Allen, Wayne Noftall Toni Daley Ed Attwood Margaret Ivany Willis Manuel Harold Wells Don O'Keefe Ron Gill Joe Janes



Scholarship Program

Each year, NLHC awards nine educational scholarships to adult clients, children of clients and children of employees in the Avalon/Eastern, Central and Western/Labrador regions. The scholarships are worth \$1,000 each, and in the children's category are awarded based on the results of the Provincial Scholarship Exam. Winners of the adult scholarships are selected based on an interview that assesses initiative as well as community and work experience. The 2004 scholarship winners* are:

Clients' Children

Heather Marshall-Ryan, St. John's Jade Callahan, Lewisporte Nikita Small, Main Brook

Employees' Children

Christopher Hanlon, St. John's Sarah Tubrett, Grand Falls-Windsor Tonya McLean, Labrador City

Adult Clients

Eleanor Duke , St. John's Jacqueline Shannahan, St. John's Sheila Hillier, Corner Brook

*Scholarship winners' names are only published with their consent.

Ongoing Challenges & Opportunities

As with any government department, social, fiscal and economic challenges often impact the programs and services delivered to clients. NLHC has some of the oldest social housing stock in the country, and the ability to upgrade and renovate this housing portfolio has presented significant challenges over the years, as it tries to work within well-defined funding levels. Add to this, changing demographics such as population shifts, family compositions, increasing energy costs and an overall aging population with a growing need for accessible and supportive housing, have contributed to these challenges.

Opportunities to address these challenges do exist, and the Canada-Newfoundland and Labrador Affordable Housing Agreement is one such opportunity. This joint federal/ provincial program provides total funding of \$30 million to help create approximately 600 affordable rental housing units in the province over a four-year period. Phase II of this program is currently being negotiated.

NLHC continues to seek opportunities to maximize program and policy benefits through its ongoing partnerships with 100 private-sector and community-based groups throughout the province. Inter-agency collaboration is essential to addressing social housing needs, and, NLHC participates in various departmental government committees such as the Inter-departmental Committee of Social Supportive Housing, which it chairs.

Auditor's Report

To the Chairperson and Members Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador

I have audited the balance sheet of the Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation as at 31 March 2005 and the statements of revenues, expenses and deficit, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 March 2005 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

JOHN L. NOSEWORTHY, C.A.

St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador

24 June 2005, except as to Note 2 which is as of 4 August 2005

Balance Sheet

31 March 2005	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
ASSETS		
Accounts receivable (Note 3) Due from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) Due from the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador - Labrador Housing Programs (Note 4) Inventory and prepaid expenses (Note 5) Mortgages and loans receivable (Note 6) Receivable from municipalities re: land transfers (Note 7) Repossessed units (Note 8) Land assemblies (Note 9) Rental properties (Note 10) Capital assets (Note 11)	\$ 1,337 53 6,569 3,338 31,960 2,753 7 7,952 227,564 5,610	\$ 1,603 959 7,266 3,184 37,264 2,895 45 8,452 235,615 5,916
	\$ 287,143	\$ 303,199
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Bank indebtedness Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to Canada Lands Corporation (CLC) Deferred revenue (Note 12) Group health and life insurance retirement benefits (Note 13) Capital replacement fund (Note 14) Mortgage insurance fund (Note 15) Mortgages, debentures and similar indebtedness (Note 16) CMHC investment in cost-shared programs (Note 17)	\$ 2,654 7,780 58 945 9,432 8,008 3,393 44,524 152,503	\$ 6,148 7,274 745 1,045 9,179 7,599 3,407 51,000 161,701
	229,297	248,098
Equity		
Contributed capital—Province of Newfoundland and Labrador (Note 18) Deficit	62,861 (5,015)	62,861 (7,760)
	57,846	55,101
	\$ 287,143	\$ 303,199

Contingent liabilities (Note 19)

Commitments (Note 20)

See accompanying notes

Signed on behalf of the Board:

Chairperson Member

Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Deficit

For the year ended 31 March 2005	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
REVENUES		
CMHC (Note 22) Rent Province of Newfoundland and Labrador operating grant Interest Land assemblies sales Profit from land sales by municipalities Other income	\$ 60,730 19,573 9,910 8,240 597 288 245	\$ 57,827 19,473 11,125 8,912 1,632
	99,583	99,147
EXPENSES		
CLC share of land assemblies profits CMHC share of interest revenue Grants to homeowners Community based housing operating subsidies Interest expense Land assemblies costs (Note 9) Losses on mortgages, loans and repossessions Loss from land sales by municipalities Loss on sale of rental properties Mortgage subsidies Net administration (Note 23) Rent supplement subsidies Rental unit expenses (Note 24) Rental properties write-down Rental properties write-off	49 1,170 7,728 10,250 4,089 463 261 - 190 2,053 14,068 3,485 52,144 418 470	627 1,407 6,500 10,737 3,564 741 169 36 61 2,275 16,136 3,426 52,150 237
	96,838	98,066
Excess of revenues over expenses	2,745	1,081
Surplus (deficit), beginning of year, as previously reported	(7,760)	338
Adjustment for group health and life insurance retirement benefits (Note 2)		(9,179)
Deficit, beginning of year, as restated	(7,760)	(8,841)
Deficit, end of year	\$ (5,015)	\$ (7,760)

See accompanying notes

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 March 2005	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
Cash flows from operating activities: Excess of revenues over expenses Add (deduct) non-cash items:	\$ 2,745	\$ 1,081
Mortgage subsidies Losses on mortgages, loans and repossessions Amortization of rental properties (Note 24) Amortization of commuity based housing Amortization of Labrador Housing Programs Market value write-down of rental properties Write-off of rental properties Loss on sale of rental properties and capital assets Amortization of capital assets CLC portion of non-cash items CMHC portion of non-cash items Group health and life insurance retirement benefits (Note 13)	2,053 261 6,144 567 837 418 470 190 360 49 1,029 253	2,275 169 5,625 515 697 237 - 61 506 627 660
	15,376	12,453
Net change in other operating items	1,774	2,065
	17,150	14,518
Cash flows from investing activities: Advances of mortgages and loans Principal recoveries of mortgages and loans Investment in rental properties Sale of rental properties Investment in capital assets Labrador Housing Programs	(2,364) 5,392 (49) 311 (54) (140)	5,597 (112) 1,017 (18)
	3,096	2,550
Cash flows from financing activities: Repayments of mortgages, debentures, and similar indebtedness Increase in CLC investment in land Increase in CMHC investment in cost-shared programs Repayments of CLC investment in land Repayments of CMHC investment in cost-shared programs	(6,476) 1 - (50) (10,227)	, ,
	(16,752)	(20,178)
Decrease (increase) in bank indebtedness	3,494	(3,110)
Bank indebtedness, beginning of year	(6,148)	(3,038)
Bank indebtedness, end of year	\$ (2,654)	\$ (6,148)

See accompanying notes

31 March 2005

AUTHORITY

The Newfoundland and Labrador Housing Corporation (the Corporation) operates under authority of the *Housing Corporation Act*. The purpose of the Corporation is to provide cost-effective housing and related programs for the benefit of the residents of the Province with priority given to those most in need. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

1. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared by the Corporation's management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. Outlined below are the significant accounting policies followed.

(a) Mortgages and loans receivable

An allowance for mortgages and loans impairment is estimated based on the value of accounts referred to a collection agency and the accounts with reported arrears balances. The security and source of funding for the accounts that are in arrears are considered in this estimation.

(b) Repossessed units

Repossessed units are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value based on appraised values and the estimated recovery of cost through social housing rental programs.

(c) Land assemblies

Land assemblies are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Items capitalized as the cost of land assemblies include land acquisition costs, development costs and interest.

Land assembly sales are recognized as earned. A portion of the sales revenue is deferred to cover future anticipated costs relative to the land sold. The percentage of revenue deferred is equal to the percentage of cost to complete on a project by project basis.

(d) Rental properties

Rental properties are valued at the lower of cost less accumulated amortization and net recoverable amount. Items capitalized as the cost of a project include land acquisition costs, development and construction costs, interest and other related carrying charges. In instances where properties have been transferred from Government departments, costs have been recorded at \$1. Amortization is calculated using the methods described below based on the expected future useful life of all assets as follows:

31 March 2005

1. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(d) Rental properties (cont'd)

(e) Capital assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost at the time of acquisition. Amortization is calculated using the methods described below based on the expected future useful life of all assets as follows:

(f) Severance pay

Severance pay is calculated based on years of service and current salary levels. Entitlement to severance pay vests with employees after nine years of continuous service. The amount is payable when the employee ceases employment with the Corporation unless the employee transfers to another entity in the public service, in which case the liability is transferred with the employee to the other entity.

2. Accounting change

Group health and life insurance retirement benefits

Due to changes in accounting standards approved by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants, an actuarial review was undertaken to determine the Corporation's liability related to group health and life insurance retirement benefits. This accounting change was applied retroactively without restatement of the prior year with respect to the statement of revenues, expenses and deficit. The balance sheet as at 31 March 2004 was restated with a resulting increase to the total liabilities and deficit of \$9,179,000.

The Corporation has established its liability related to group health and life insurance retirement benefits as at 31 March 2004. The increase in the liability for 2005 has been recognized as employee benefits expense by the Corporation.

31 March 2005

3. Accounts receivable

	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
Land sales, net of allowance for cancellations of \$1,375,864 (2004 - \$1,375,864) Rents Miscellaneous	\$ - 203 1,259	\$ 942 211 593
	1,462	1,746
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	125	143
	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,603

4. Due from the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador - Labrador Housing Programs

In March 2000, the Province directed the Corporation to fund the renovation of existing dwellings and construction of new dwellings in Northern Coastal Labrador. In March 2002, the Province directed the Corporation to fund the construction of a personal care home in Battle Harbour.

Under these initiatives, title to these dwellings is held by the homeowners with the Province repaying the renovation and construction costs over a 15 year period. As at 31 March 2005 the amount due from the Province was \$6,569,000 (2004 – \$7,266,000).

J.]		expenses

The second of th	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ 481 2,857	\$ 356 2,828
	\$ 3,338	\$ 3,184
6. Mortgages and loans receivable		
	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
Subsidized mortgages to homeowners Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loans Provincial Home Repair Program Other mortgages and loans	\$ 13,751 11,883 8,056 2,619	\$ 17,309 13,952 7,889 2,703
	36,309	41,853
Less: allowance for impaired accounts	4,349	4,589
	\$ 31,960	\$ 37,264

31 March 2005

6. Mortgages and loans receivable (cont.)

The allowance for impaired mortgages and loans relates primarily to the Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loans portfolio.

7. Receivable from municipalities re: land transfers

In September 1998, the Province directed the Corporation to enter into agreements with municipalities to transfer its banked and developed industrial and commercial land. The agreements will transfer these lands to the municipalities under a mortgage arrangement and provide for a share of future land sales revenue to the Corporation.

The receivable is valued at the lower of the carrying value of the land at the date of transfer and the Corporation's share of the net realizable value of the land as outlined in the agreement. The estimated net realizable value is determined using management's best estimates of future sales. Management recognizes that changes in future conditions, such as market demand, assumed in making these estimates are not predictable. Consequently, adjustments to the carrying value of the receivable from municipalities re: land transfers are possible depending on the impact of any changes and management's best estimate of them.

As of 31 March 2005, twenty agreements have been completed for the transfer of lands to municipalities at a carrying value of \$2,753,000 (2004 – \$2,895,000).

8.	Repossessed units		
		2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
	Repossessed units Less: allowance for impairment	\$ 24 17	\$ 147 102
		\$ 7	\$ 45
9.	Land assemblies		
		2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
	Land assemblies, beginning of year	\$ 8,452	\$ 8,404
	Cost incurred during the year: Land acquisition and development Interest, capitalized	(175) 138	230 559
		8,415	9,193
	Less: cost of earned sales recognized during year	463	741
	Land assemblies, end of year	\$ 7,952	\$ 8,452

31 March 2005

9. Land assemblies (cont'd)

Land assemblies are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The estimated net realizable value is determined using management's best estimates of future sales and costs. Management recognizes that changes in future conditions, such as market demand, assumed in making these estimates, are not predictable. Consequently, material adjustments to the carrying value of the asset are possible depending upon the impact of any changes and management's best estimate of them. In September 1998, the Province directed the Corporation to divest of the majority of its land holdings.

10. Rental properties

		•	2005			2004
	Cost	cumulated ortization	to	e down Net overable nount	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
	(000's)	(000's)	(0	00's)	(000's)	(000's)
Non-profit housing - Capital cost - Renovation costs	\$ 262,057 4,980	\$ 41,908 1,292	\$	655 -	\$ 219,494 3,688	\$ 227,011 4,070
Market housing - Capital cost	6,711	2,490		-	4,221	4,373
Leased land	161	-		-	161	161
	\$ 273,909	\$ 45,690	\$	655	\$ 227,564	\$ 235,615

11. Capital assets

	Cost			Вос	Net ok Value	Воо	Net k Value
((000's)	(000's)	(000's)	((000's)
\$	7,499 133 82 808 1,838	\$	2,376 71 32 606 1,665	\$	5,123 62 50 202 173	\$	5,227 76 14 279 320
\$	10,360	\$	4,750	\$	5,610	\$	5,916
	\$	(000's) \$ 7,499 133 82 808 1,838	Cost Amo (000's) (1) \$ 7,499 \$ 133 82 808 1,838	(000's) (000's) \$ 7,499 \$ 2,376 133 71 82 32 808 606 1,838 1,665	Cost Amortization Book (000's) (000's) (\$ 7,499 \$ 2,376 \$ 133 71 82 32 808 606 1,838 1,665	Cost Amortization Book Value (000's) (000's) (000's) \$ 7,499 \$ 2,376 \$ 5,123 133 71 62 82 32 50 808 606 202 1,838 1,665 173	Cost Amortization Book Value Book Value (000's) (000's) (000's) (000's) \$ 7,499 \$ 2,376 \$ 5,123 \$ 62 82 32 50 50 808 606 202 1,838 1,665 173

2005

2004

31 March 2005

12. Deferred revenue

Rentals

2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
\$ 945	\$ 1,045

Deferred revenue rentals consist of rental payments received by the Corporation in advance of the due dates.

13. Group health and life insurance retirement benefits

All retired employees of the Corporation are eligible to participate in the group insurance plans. Under the plans, the Corporation pays 50% of the total premium charged towards the benefits of both active employees and retirees for both the life insurance and health benefits under the plans. As at 31 March 2005, the plans provided benefits to 143 retirees.

Group health and life insurance retirement benefits liability

Details of the group health and life insurance retirement benefits liability are outlined in the table below:

	A	ctimated accrued Benefit oligation	amortized operience Losses 2005		Net iability 2005	L	Net Liability 2004	Cł	nange
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	((000's)	(0	00's)
Group health retirement benefits	\$	8,825	\$ (548)	\$	8,277	\$	8,030	\$	247
Group life insurance retirement benefits		1,175	(20)		1,155		1,149		6
	\$	10,000	\$ (568)	\$	9,432	\$	9,179	\$	253

There are no fund assets associated with these plans.

Group health and life insurance retirement benefits expense

In these statements group health and life insurance retirement benefits costs have been determined as the cost of benefits accrued during the period. Interest on the liability has been accrued for the same period.

The change in the liability for the current period is comprised of the following amounts:

31 March 2005

13. Group health and life insurance retirement benefits (continued)

	Sha Currer	ration's are of at Period osts	Ex	terest pense on the ability	Ċ	ooration's Current Period tributions	Amor of Exp	t Period tization perience anges	Ch	ange
	(0)	00's)	(000's)	(000's)	(00	00's)	(0	00's)
Group health retirement benefits	\$	154	\$	548	\$	(455)	\$	-	\$	247
Group life insurance retirement benefits		47		76		(117)		-		6
	\$	201	\$	624	\$	(572)	\$	-	\$	253

Experience gains or losses

Experience gains or losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining service life of active participants. The amortization amount will be included with retirement costs in the financial statements commencing in the year subsequent to the year in which the experience gain or loss arose.

The unamortized experience loss at 31 March 2005 resulted from a change in the discount rate used by the actuaries.

14. Capital replacement fund

In accordance with program guidelines for non-profit and urban native housing projects, sponsor groups are required to set aside funds for the replacement of major capital items. The funds are held on behalf of the project sponsors and are released as eligible capital replacement expenditures are incurred.

Transactions relating to the capital replacement fund during the year are as follows:

	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
Balance, beginning of year Annual funding provisions Capital replacement expenditures	\$ 7,599 541 (132)	\$ 7,362 500 (263)
Balance, end of year	\$ 8,008	\$ 7,599

31 March 2005

15. Mortgage insurance fund

Upon signing the Canada–Newfoundland Social Housing Agreement (see Note 22), the Corporation assumed liability for all losses and costs that may be incurred in respect of a portfolio of loans that are owned and were previously insured by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC). In return, CMHC provided the Corporation with a \$3,000,000 mortgage insurance fund as protection against future losses. Losses on loans are deducted from the fund, while interest earnings were added to the fund until 1 April 2003. The Corporation ceased accruing interest as of 1 April 2003.

	(000's)	(000's)
Balance, beginning of year Losses for the year Mortgages transferred to mortgages and loans receivable	\$ 3,407 (14) -	\$ 2,654 (23) 776
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,393	\$ 3,407

The fund covers a portfolio of federal loans totaling \$172,716,166. The majority of these loans relate to either Social Housing projects that receive significant federal/provincial annual operating subsidies or nursing home accommodations with Provincial Government guarantees. While an independent actuarial valuation of the fund has not been carried out, the fund is considered adequate by the Corporation's management.

16	Mortgages	dehentures	and similar	indebtedness
TO.	mortuaues.	. uenentures	anu siiniiai	HIUCHLEUITESS

		2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
With	fixed terms of repayment	` ,	
(a)	CMHC fixed rate term debentures, at an interest rate of 6.22% repayable in blended annual instalments of \$2,483,256, with final due dates ranging from December 2021 to January 2030.	\$ 28,557	\$ 29,275
(b)	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce fixed rate bankers acceptances, at an interest rate of 3.16/3.45/3.18%, due on 25 April 2005.	15,967	21,725
		\$ 44,524	\$ 51,000

31 March 2005

16. Mortgages, debentures and similar indebtedness (continued)

Principal repayments for the next five years on the \$44,524,000 of debt with fixed terms of repayment are as follows:

(000's)

2006 \$16,722
2007 \$ 804
2008 \$ 854
2009 \$ 908
2010 \$ 968

17. CMHC investment in cost-shared programs

Non-profit rental housing
Rural and native housing
Home repair assistance

2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
\$ 91,100 52,073 9,330	\$ 91,988 58,187 11,526
\$ 152,503	\$ 161,701

The principal and interest payments required to amortize CMHC's investment in non-profit rental housing and rural and native housing is funded entirely through the annual federal grant paid by CMHC, pursuant to the Canada–Newfoundland Social Housing Agreement signed in April 1997 (see Note 22).

Repayment of CMHC's investment in the home repair assistance programs has no fixed term and is dependant upon future repayments of principal and interest on mortgages and loans.

18. Contributed capital — Province of Newfoundland and Labrador

Contributed capital represents accumulated capital advances made to the Corporation by the Province. These advances are utilized by the Corporation to develop housing projects, land assemblies and related programs for the benefit of the residents of the Province.

19. Contingent liabilities

- (a) Claims have been filed against the Corporation for:
 - (i) General damages related to the enforcement of a Sales and Development Agreement for a shopping mall complex.

31 March 2005

19. Contingent liabilities (continued)

- (ii) \$100,000 relating to funds withheld from a contractor for deficiencies on houses constructed. This claim was filed by the contractor against both the Corporation (the mortgagee) and the homeowners of the houses.
- (iii) Special damages related to an alleged breach of contract and/or negligence relating to the sale of an apartment and commercial complex property.

The above claims have not progressed far enough to enable the formation of a definite opinion as to their outcome. Therefore, the likelihood and the amount of loss to the Corporation is not determinable at this time.

- (b) The Corporation has provided guarantees on outstanding mortgage balances totaling \$609,370 for qualifying homeowners. Presently the probability of loss resulting from these guarantees is unlikely.
- (c) In 1996, the Corporation learned that possible environmental liabilities exist with respect to potential large quantities of fuel left in abandoned fuel storage facilities in the Stephenville area. The Corporation has removed some of the underground tanks and fuel lines and has undertaken some further study. To date, expenditures related to this work have totalled \$2,600,000. As well, based on the studies completed to date, further remediation is estimated to cost \$10,000,000.
- (d) In 1998, the Corporation learned that possible environmental liabilities exist with respect to environmental contaminants including hydrocarbons and various heavy metals in the soil and groundwater on 20 hectares of the total 102 hectares in the Paradise area. Title to this site had been transferred to the Town of Paradise during 1998-99 as part of the Corporation's land divestiture program; however, the Corporation will be liable for any costs that must be incurred to clean up the site. Information received from a study completed in January 2000 indicates that the estimated costs of undertaking site remediation based on the information to date is in the order of \$6,000,000.
- (e) During 1999, the Corporation learned of possible environmental liabilities relating to 16 underground fuel tanks in its Buckmaster's Circle rental property. As a result of an environmental study conducted in 2000, the cost of environmental remediation related to this property is estimated at \$1,000,000. To date, expenditures related to this work have totalled \$309,000.
- (f) During 1999, the Corporation learned of possible environmental liabilities relating to 70 underground fuel tanks in some of its rental properties throughout the Province. The scope and extent of the environmental remediation required will be determined as the tanks are replaced. In accordance with environmental regulations, the tanks will be replaced by 2007.

31 March 2005

20. Commitments

The Corporation has commitments totaling \$1,317,562 comprised of uncompleted purchase and construction contracts at year end of \$408,000 and commitments under lending programs of \$909,562.

21. Financial instruments

The Corporation's short-term financial instruments recognized on the balance sheet consist of accounts receivable, due from CMHC, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and due to CLC. The carrying values of these instruments approximate current fair value due to their nature and the short-term maturity associated with them. Any estimated impairment of accounts receivable has been provided for through an allowance for doubtful accounts and no further credit risk exists in relation to the short-term financial instruments.

The Corporation's long-term financial instruments recognized on the balance sheet consist of due from the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador—Labrador Housing Programs, mortgages and loans receivable, receivable from municipalities re: land transfers, group health and life insurance retirement benefits, and mortgages, debentures and similar indebtedness. Any estimated impairment of mortgages and loans receivable and receivable from municipalities re: land transfers is provided for through an allowance for impaired accounts and no further credit risk exists for these long-term receivables. Interest rates on the majority of mortgages and loans receivable and on mortgages, debentures and similar indebtedness are fixed to maturity. Therefore, the carrying values of these long-term financial instruments approximate their fair value and these instruments are not subject to any material interest rate risk.

22. Revenue from CMHC

CMHC's share of program subsidies and administration costs are as follows:

1997 Canada–Newfoundland Social Housing Agreement Provincial Home Repair Program Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program Mortgages

	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
\$	54,729 5,712 276 13	\$ 54,780 2,584 448 15
\$	60,730	\$ 57,827

On 22 April 1997, the Corporation signed the Canada–Newfoundland Social Housing Agreement with CMHC replacing all existing social housing program agreements between the two parties relating to social housing programs, with the exception of certain loan and mortgage programs.

31 March 2005

23. Net administration

	2005 (000's)	2004 (000's)
Advertising and promotion Computer system costs General Office equipment leases Office equipment purchases Office supplies Rent, heat, light, cleaning and maintenance Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Travel and vehicle costs	\$ 55 960 402 46 34 145 984 10,821 314 320	\$ 77 1,140 421 56 28 143 1,264 12,345 339 360
Total administration	14,081	16,173
Less: recharged to capital projects	13	37
Net administration	\$ 14,068	\$ 16,136

24. Rental unit expenses

	(000's)	(000's)
Bad debts Heat, light and operating Interest on long-term debt Municipal taxes	\$ 6,144 177 8,713 20,258 4,474	\$ 5,625 161 7,802 21,019 4,366
Repairs and maintenance	12,378	13,177
	\$ 52,144	\$ 52,150

2005

2004

25. Pensions

Under the *Housing Corporation Act*, Corporation staff are subject to the *Public Service Pensions Act*. Employee contributions are matched by the Corporation and remitted to the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador Pooled Pension Fund from which pensions will be paid to employees when they retire. The Corporation's share of pension contributions for 2005 was \$910,000 (2004 - \$986,000).

31 March 2005

26. Self-insurance

With the exception of certain high-risk projects, the Corporation follows the policy of self-insuring its rental properties for property damage such as fire, water and vandalism. The costs of these repairs are charged to rental unit expenses.

27. Province of Newfoundland and Labrador contribution

The Province of Newfoundland and Labrador contributes approximately 10% of the Corporation's total revenues. The contribution enables the Corporation to carry out its overall mandate and to meet its fiscal challenges.

The Corporation's ability to continue to fulfill its mandate is dependent upon the decisions of the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador.

28. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

Corporate Directory (for the fiscal year 2004-05)

Minister Responsible for Housing

Honourable Joan Burke

Board of Directors

Leslie Dean - - - - - - - - - - - Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Rick Abbott - - - - - - - - - - Member Jeffrey D. Follett - - - - - - - - Member Carla Hancock - - - - - - - - Member Basil Hickey - - - - - - - - - Member Michael Lee - - - - - - - - - - Member Jim Parrott - - - - - - - - - - Member Barry Sheppard - - - - - - - - Member Kay Woodward - - - - - - - - - Member

Senior Management

Regional Offices

Head Office and Regional Operations

Head Office

Sir Brian Dunfield Building 2 Canada Drive P.O. Box 220 St. John's, NL A1C 5J2

Telephone: (709) 724-3000 Facsimile: (709) 724-3250

Avalon Regional Office

Sir Brian Dunfield Building 2 Canada Drive P.O. Box 220 St. John's, NL A1C 5J2

Telephone: (709) 724-3000 Facsimile: (709) 724-3007

Corner Brook Regional Office

19 Union Street P.O. Box 826 Corner Brook, NL A2H 6H6

Telephone: (709) 639-5201 Facsimile: (709) 639-5206

Gander Regional Office

143 Bennett Drive P.O. Box 410 Gander, NL A1B 1W8

Telephone: (709) 256-1300 Facsimile: (709) 256-1320

Happy Valley-Goose Bay Regional Office

8 Royal Street P.O. Box 299, Stn. "B" Happy Valley-Goose Bay, NL AOP 1E0

Telephone: (709) 896-1920 Facsimile: (709) 896-9208

Grand Falls-Windsor Regional Office

5 Hardy Avenue Grand Falls-Windsor, NL A2A 2P8

Telephone: (709) 292-1000 Facsimile: (709) 292-1028

Labrador City Sub-Office

1021 Cavendish Square Apartment 105 Labrador City, NL A2V 2W5

Telephone: (709) 944-7474 Facsimile: (709) 944-3298

Marystown Regional Office

60 Atlantic Crescent P.O. Box 338 Marystown, NL A0E 2M0

Telephone: (709) 279-5375 Facsimile: (709) 279-5387

Stephenville Regional Office

58 Oregon Drive Stephenville, NL A2N 2Y1

Telephone: (709) 643-6826 Facsimile: (709) 643-6843